

-Half-yearly report

January-June

Operational performance Q1-Q2/2023

+6.9%

Like-for-like NRI growth in Q1-Q2/2023¹ (vs. Q1-Q2/2022) +5.5%

Standing NRI growth in Q1-Q2/2023¹ (vs. Q1-Q2/2022) +69.4 MEUR

Fair value change of investment properties in Q1-Q2/2023 (excl. Kista)

+7.8%

Adjusted like-for-like NRI growth in Q1-Q2/2023² (vs. Q1-Q2/2022) +7.9%

Adjusted standing NRI growth in Q1-Q2/2023² (vs. Q1-Q2/2022) +1.5 EUR' & 24.0 EUR

Increase & avg. rent / sq.m. (vs. Q4/2022)

+4.1%

Like-for-like tenant sales (vs. Q1-Q2/2022) 95.5%

Retail occupancy

148.0 MEUR

IFRS operating profit Q1-Q2/2023

¹ with comparable FX rates

excluding FX impact, Torvbyen and Q2/2022 one-off items

CEO F. Scott Ball:

We continue to see strong performance in our business fundamentals in the first half of the year as like-for-like tenant sales were 4.1% above Q1-Q2/2022 and 9.7% above Q1-Q2/2019 pre-pandemic levels. We also are seeing more customers in our centres as like-for-like footfall increased 3.1% compared to the previous year. Retail occupancy is now at 95.5%, up 50 bps versus the same quarter last year. At the same time, average rent per square meter, with comparable FX rates, increased by 1.5 EUR/s.qm. (6.8% to 24.0 EUR per sq.m.) during the first half the year. We continue to benefit from a low occupancy cost ratio of 9.4%, which together with increasing tenant sales and improving footfall, positions Citycon for continued compounding rent growth and service charge increases. Sales increases keeping pace with inflation were evident in our continued high collection rates of 97% in Q2/2023, with Q1/2023 collection improving to 99%. In the first half of the year, these metrics supported our underlying asset values where we recorded a net fair value gain of EUR 69.4 million for Q1-Q2/2023, reflecting the impact of compounding rent growth due to indexation linked leases (93% of our leases).

The net effect of these strong KPI's is that like-for-like net rental income grew nearly 8%, when excluding one-time items. On a sequential basis, Q2/2023 net rental income grew 2% over Q1/2023 net rental income. In the first half of this year there has been adverse volatility of currencies (which is outside of our control), specifically the NOK and SEK are at twenty-year lows. Each quarter we translate these currencies back to the euro for reporting purposes. These currencies will likely rebound at some point, at which time we will benefit. More details on the impact of currency through H1/2023 are included within the report.

There are several factors which explain these results: our terrific assets, our strong local teams, the strength of our markets throughout the Nordics and continued strength of consumers, as evidenced by the high level of foot traffic in our assets and the corresponding sales being reported by our tenants. This is due, in part, to our business model, which focuses on necessity-based retail and essential services addressing the every-day-needs of our communities. This type of retail promotes daily traffic to our properties, which is only enhanced by locations in central urban areas adjacent to public rail/bus transportation hubs. Another driver of the consumer strength phenomenon is the average wage growth (5.5%) that has occurred in our markets due to inflation. As is typical in an inflationary environment, price increases work though the entire chain: wages, cost of goods/services, higher sales, and ultimately, for Citycon, higher rents.

As noted in our Q1/2023 Interim Report, we refinanced and expanded our credit facility in April from EUR 500 million to EUR 650 million, consisting of a EUR 400 million revolver and EUR 250 million term loan. Following this refinancing, our

team continued their disciplined capital allocation by using the proceeds to execute a EUR 138 million tender for our bonds maturing in 2024, taking advantage of large discounts and dislocation in secondary trading. In addition to the tender, we continued repurchasing bonds (EUR 15.7 million) in the open market at a significant discount during the second quarter and will continue to act opportunistically to repurchase debt. Through these actions, we continue to mitigate the earnings impact of higher current market interest rates, while also improving our overall balance sheet. In addition to the new credit facility and term loan, we have disposed of EUR 266 million of non-core assets at approx. book value over the past 20 months, including EUR 120 million in December 2022, which is part of our planned EUR 500 million asset sale target. With the additional flexibility of the new credit facility, we can be patient as Nordic transaction markets stabilize and we continue our asset management initiations to maximize values for further sales transactions. Given the reports of significant amounts of investment capital waiting to be invested, we remain confident that we will meet our previously disclosed divestment target by the end of 2024.

As mentioned, the tenant mix of Citycon's assets, which consists of municipal and grocery tenants, anchored by public transportation with indexation linked leases, sets us apart from our peer group. This long-stated strategy has already demonstrated its strength and resilience throughout a variety of market conditions, which we continue to improve upon. The most recent example of our active asset management is Myyrmanni centre in Finland, where we have further improved the tenant mix to increase the share of necessity-based tenants by signing several new leases including a new Lidl grocer and a 7,300 sq.m. Prisma hypermarket resulting in groceries representing over 50% of the total GLA when reopening this fall. This is consistent with what we have achieved in many of our properties including Columbus (which we sold in 2021) and will continue to accomplish across the portfolio. These actions not only provide stability to revenue growth, it has the added benefit of improving the average credit profile of our tenant base. These asset management decisions remain aligned with, but separate from, the zoning work we are doing to achieve substantial additional building rights across the portfolio.

Our business is really not that complicated. We own quality real estate, provide the consumer the goods and services they require, and provide an environment that is convenient to access. When you layer in the dramatic impact of compounding rent growth, you have the recipe for success. The bottom line is that our business fundamentals are strong, and our assets continue to perform very well. There is a scarcity of the type of high-quality retail assets we own, we have a proven business model and all of the important metrics (sales, footfall, rents, occupancy, collections) continue to show sustained growth. For all these reasons we remain bullish on the prospects of the business moving forward.

Citycon results summary:

Financial & key performance indicators

Like-for-Like ('LFL') Net Rental Income

Excludes acquisitions, dispositions, development, and closed assets (Torvbyen)

- Q1-Q2/2023, increased 6.9% (comparable FX) vs. Q1-Q2/2022
 - Q2/2023, increased 4.5% (comparable FX) vs. Q2/2022

Q2/2022 was positively impacted by several one-time benefits resulting in difficult Q2/2023 comparisons. Excl. these one-time items:

- Q1-Q2/2023, increased 7.8% (comparable FX) vs. Q1-Q2/2022
 - Q2/2023, increased 7.5% (comparable FX) vs. Q2/2022

Standing Net Rental Income

Excl. four assets disposed in Norway in 2022

- Q1–Q2/2023, increased 5.5% (comparable FX) vs. Q1–Q2/2022
 - Q2/2023, increased 2.6% (comparable FX) vs. Q2/2022

In addition to the Q2/2022 one-time items mentioned above, Q1-Q2/2023 was further impacted by the closing of Torvbyen in Norway. Excl. the adverse impact of these two combined items:

- Q1–Q2/2023, increased 7.9% (comparable FX) vs. Q1–Q2/2022
 - Q2/2023, increased 7.2% (comparable FX) vs. Q2/2022
- FX-rate impact to total NRI was EUR -5.8 million in Q1-Q2/2023

KPI's

- Q1-Q2/2023 LFL tenant sales +4.1%
 - +9.7% vs. Q1-Q2/2019 (pre-pandemic)
- Q1–Q2/2023 LFL footfall +3.1%
- Q2/2023 retail occupancy 95.5%
 - +10 bps vs. Q1/2023
 - · +50 bps increase from Q2/2022
- Q2/2023 collections were 97%
 - Q1/2023 improved to 99% from 97%
- · Q1-Q2/2023 average rent per sqm increased EUR 1.5 to EUR 24.0 (comparable FX)
- Q2/2023 9.4% LFL occupancy cost ratio

Balance sheet

Liability Management

- · Replacement and extension of EUR 650 million credit facility in April 2023, incl. EUR 250 million term loan
- · Q2/2023 Tendered EUR 138 million of 2024 senior bonds (notional)
- Q2/2023 Purchased additional EUR 15.7 million of notional bonds in open market
 - Q1-Q2/2023 total notional bond and hybrid repurchases of EUR 235 million for EUR 211 million cash

Fair Value

- Q1-Q2/2023 net fair value improved EUR 69.4 million
 - Q2/2023 net fair value improved EUR 24.7 million

Sustainability

- · 3rd consecutive year as Financial Times European Climate Leader
 - Only Finnish real estate company included on the list; top third of all European companies regardless of sector.
- Recently updated sustainability strategy
 - · Setting ambitious goals for 2030



Key figures

| Citycon Group¹ | | Q2/ 2023 | Q2/ 2022 | % | FX Adjusted Q2/2022 | FX Adjusted % ² | Q1-Q2/ 2023 | Q1-Q2/ 2022 | % | FX Adjusted Q1-Q2/ 2022 | FX Adjusted % ² | Q1-Q4/ 2022 |
|--|------|-------------|-------------|--------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Net rental income | MEUR | 48.9 | 52.8 | -7.3% | 49.2 | -0.6% | 96.7 | 101.8 | -5.0% | 96.0 | 0.8% | 203.6 |
| Like-for-like net rental income development | % | 4.5% | 9.1% | - | - | - | 6.9% | 6.1% | - | - | - | 6.6% |
| Direct operating profit ³ | MEUR | 42.2 | 46.3 | -8.9% | 43.0 | -2.0% | 80.4 | 86.4 | -7.0% | 81.3 | -1.0% | 175.2 |
| IFRS Earnings per share (basic) ⁴ | EUR | 0.18 | 0.13 | 41.2% | 0.11 | 56.0% | 0.50 | 0.26 | 91.5% | 0.24 | - | -0.15 |
| Fair value of investment properties | MEUR | 3,979.0 | 4,216.9 | -5.6% | - | - | 3,979.0 | 4,216.9 | -5.6% | - | - | 4,040.1 |
| Loan to Value (LTV)3,6 | % | 43.0 | 40.8 | 5.4% | - | | 43.0 | 40.8 | 5.4% | - | - | 41.4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EPRA based key figures ³ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| EPRA Earnings | MEUR | 26.6 | 32.2 | -17.4% | 29.8 | -10.9% | 51.9 | 60.3 | -14.0% | 56.4 | -8.0% | 122.6 |
| Adjusted EPRA Earnings ⁵ | MEUR | 19.4 | 24.6 | -20.8% | 22.2 | -12.5% | 37.3 | 45.2 | -17.4% | 41.3 | -9.6% | 92.1 |
| EPRA Earnings per share (basic) | EUR | 0.158 | 0.192 | -17.4% | 0.178 | -10.9% | 0.309 | 0.359 | -14.0% | 0.336 | -8.0% | 0.730 |
| Adjusted EPRA Earnings per share (basic) ⁵ | EUR | 0.116 | 0.146 | -20.8% | 0.132 | -12.5% | 0.222 | 0.269 | -17.4% | 0.246 | -9.6% | 0.548 |
| EPRA NRV per share ⁷ | EUR | 10.71 | 11.87 | -9.8% | - | | 10.71 | 11.87 | -9.8% | - | - | 11.01 |

¹ The numbers include the sale of four investments properties during the last year.

| Standing portfolio key figures¹ | | Q2/ 2023 | Q2/ 2022 | % | FX Adjusted Q2/2022 | FX Adjusted % ⁴ | Q1-Q2/ 2023 | Q1-Q2/ 2022 | % | FX Adjusted Q1-Q2/ 2022 | FX Adjusted % ⁴ | Q1-Q4/ 2022 |
|---|------|-------------|-------------|--------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| Net rental income | MEUR | 48.9 | 51.0 | -4.1% | 47.7 | 2.6% | 96.8 | 97.0 | -0.3% | 91.7 | 5.5% | 195.1 |
| Direct operating profit ² | MEUR | 42.2 | 44.6 | -5.3% | 41.5 | 1.6% | 80.5 | 81.9 | -1.7% | 77.2 | 4.3% | 166.2 |
| EPRA based key figures ² | | | - | | | | | | | | | |
| EPRA Earnings | MEUR | 26.6 | 30.4 | -12.5% | 28.3 | -6.0% | 51.9 | 55.7 | -6.8% | 52.3 | -0.7% | 113.6 |
| Adjusted EPRA Earnings ³ | MEUR | 19.5 | 22.8 | -14.6% | 20.7 | -6.0% | 37.4 | 40.6 | -8.0% | 37.2 | 0.5% | 83.1 |
| EPRA Earnings per share (basic) | EUR | 0.159 | 0.181 | -12.5% | 0.169 | -6.0% | 0.309 | 0.332 | -6.8% | 0.311 | -0.7% | 0.676 |
| Adjusted EPRA Earnings per share (basic) ³ | EUR | 0.116 | 0.136 | -14.6% | 0.123 | -6.0% | 0.222 | 0.242 | -8.0% | 0.221 | 0.5% | 0.495 |

¹ Standing portfolio key figures include only income and expenses from investment properties that were on group balance sheet on 30 June 2023. The portfolio is the same in the reporting period and in the comparison period, hence the numbers are comparable. Lippulaiva (opened on the 31st of March 2022) is included in the standing portfolio.

Outlook for the year 2023 - reaffirmed with additional FX details

| | | Outlook for 2023 with year-end 2022 FX rates | Potential FY2023 negative FX impact |
|--|------|---|-------------------------------------|
| Direct operating profit | MEUR | 174–192 | -10 |
| EPRA Earnings per share (basic) | EUR | 0.69-0.81 | -0.08 |
| Adjusted EPRA Earnings per share (basic) | EUR | 0.51-0.63 | -0.08 |

The outlook assumes that there are no major changes in macroeconomic factors and that there will not be another wave of COVID-19 with restrictions resulting in significant store closures and no major disruptions from the war in Ukraine. These estimates are based on the existing property portfolio as well as year-end 2022 estimates of inflation,

Given exchange rates have recently been subject to extraordinary volatility, estimated FX impact for the full year 2023 is provided as an additional information for further transparency and clarification. Potential negative FX impact for FY2023 is based on the assumption that EUR-SEK and EUR-NOK exchange rates stay at the level of 14 July 2023.



Change from previous year (comparable exchange rates). Change-% is calculated from exact figures.
 Citycon presents alternative performance measures according to the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) guidelines. More information is presented in Basis of Preparation and Accounting Policies in the notes to the accounts.

⁴ The key figure includes hybrid bond coupons, amortized fees and gains and expenses on hybrid bond repayments.

⁵ The key figure includes hybrid bond coupons and amortized fees.

Highly liquid cash investments has been taken into account in net debt.
 The effect of currency rates to EPRA NRV/share was EUR -0.58.

² Citycon presents alternative performance measures according to the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) guidelines. More information is presented in Basis of Preparation and Accounting Policies in the notes to the accounts.

³ The key figure includes hybrid bond coupons and amortized fees.

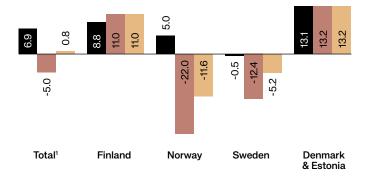
⁴ Change from previous year (comparable exchange rates). Change-% is calculated from exact figures.

1. Net rental income

Like-for-like net rental income in Q2/2023 increased 4.5% compared to Q2/2022. Like-for-like net rental income in Q1-Q2/2023 increased by 6.9% compared to Q1-Q2/2022. Q2/2022 was positively impacted by several one-time items in Sweden and Norway. Adjusting for these factors, LFL NRI growth would have been 7.5% in Q2/2023 and 7.8% in Q1-Q2/2023 with comparable FX rates versus the prior periods. Total net rental income for the period was EUR 96.7 million (Q1-Q2/2022: EUR 101.8 million).

Like-for-like net rental income from the Finnish operations increased by 8.8% in Q1-Q2/2023, while the development in the Swedish operations was slightly negative being -0.5%. In the Norwegian operations, like-for-like net rental income increased by 5.0% and from the Danish & Estonian operations the increase was 13.1%.

Like-for-like and total net rental income development, Q1-Q2/2023 vs. Q1-Q2/2022



- Like-for-like NRI Development (at comparable exchange rates)
- Total NRI Development (at actual exchange rates)
- Total NRI Development (at comparable FX rates)

Net rental income and gross rental income breakdown

| | Net rental income | | | | | | Gross rental income |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|--------|----------------------|-------|-------|---------------------|
| MEUR | Finland | Norway ² | Sweden | Denmark & Estonia | Other | Total | Total |
| Q1-Q2/2022 | 33.5 | 40.3 | 15.1 | 13.3 | -0.3 | 101.8 | 112.2 |
| (Re)development projects | 1.6 | -1.2 | -0.7 | - | - | -0.4 | 0.5 |
| Divestments | 0.0 | -4.3 | - | - | - | -4.3 | -4.8 |
| Like-for-like properties ¹ | 2.2 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 1.7 | - | 5.2 | 6.3 |
| Other (incl. exchange rate differences) | 0.0 | -4.6 | -1.1 | 0.0 | 0.2 | -5.6 | -6.3 |
| Q1-Q2/2023 | 37.2 | 31.4 | 13.2 | 15.0 | -0.1 | 96.7 | 107.8 |

¹ Like-for-like properties are properties held by Citycon throughout two full preceding periods and exclude properties under (re)development or extension.

¹ Total NRI impacted by disposals executed in 2022.

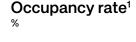
² NRI impacted by four assets sold in 2022.

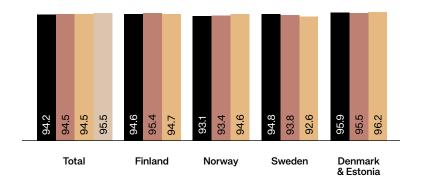
2. Occupancy rate, sales and footfall

The retail occupancy rate increased to 95.5% in Q2/2023, which was a 50 bps improvement versus the same time last year (Q2/2022: 95.0%). Economic occupancy for Q2/2023 was 94.5%, a 30 bps improvement versus last year (Q2/2022: 94.2%). Furthermore, the average rent per sq.m. increased by 0.3 EUR to 24.0 EUR (Q4/2022: 23.7). With comparable FX rates, average rent per sq.m. increased by 1.5 EUR. During the first half of the year, we leased over 65 000 sq.m at a leasing spread of -0.6%.

In Q2/2023, like-for-like tenant sales increased 2.1% and in Q1–Q2/2023 4.1%. Notably, like-for-like tenant sales in Q1–Q2/2023 are up 9.7% compared to pre-pandemic Q1–Q2/2019.

Like-for-like footfall decreased by -1.0% in Q2/2023 and increased 3.1% in Q1–Q2/2023 compared to the same period last year.





- Economic Occupancy rate 30 June 2022
- Economic Occupancy rate 31 December 2022
- Economic Occupancy rate 30 June 2023
- Retail economic Occupancy rate 30 June 2023

Tenant sales development, Footfall development, Q1-Q2/2023 vs. Q1-Q2/20221 Q1-Q2/2023 vs. Q1-Q2/20221 Change, % Change, % 4.0 3.1 . ۲ 2.1 5.3 4.2 ن ن 0.7 Finland Total **Finland** Total Norway Sweden Denmark Norway Sweden Denmark & Estonia Like-for-like sales Like-for-like footfall Total sales (including impact of divested assets) Total footfall (including impact of divested assets)



¹ Kista Galleria 50% not included.

¹ Sales figures include estimates. Sales figures exclude VAT and the change has been calculated using comparable exchange rates. Kista Galleria 50% not included.

¹ Footfall figures include estimates. Kista Galleria 50% not included.

Lease portfolio summary

| | | 30 June 2023 | 30 June 2022 | 31 December 2022 |
|---|-----------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|
| Number of leases | pcs | 3,251 | 3,238 | 3,191 |
| Average rent | EUR/sq.m./month | 24.0 | 23.6 | 23.7 |
| Average remaining length of lease portfolio | years | 3.5 | 2.9 | 3.4 |
| Occupancy cost ratio ² | % | 9.4% | 9.0% | 9.2% |
| Leasing Spread | % | -0.6% | 3.0% | 2.0% |

¹ Kista Galleria 50% not included.

Leasing activity¹

| | | Q1-Q2/2023 | Q1-Q2/2022 | Q1-Q4/2022 |
|------------------------------|-------|------------|------------|------------|
| Total area of leases started | sq.m. | 116,782 | 159,019 | 262,772 |
| Total area of leases ended | sq.m. | 127,295 | 165,145 | 302,490 |

¹ Leases started and ended do not necessarily refer to the same premises. Kista Galleria 50% not included.

3. Financial result

Operating profit (IFRS) was EUR 148.0 million (Q1-Q2/2022: EUR 95.4 million).

Administrative expenses were EUR 16.6 million (Q1–Q2/2022: EUR 14.7 million). At the end of the reporting period, Citycon Group employed a total of 252 full-time employees (FTEs) (30 June 2022: 254 FTE), of whom 46 worked in Finland, 78 in Norway, 47 in Sweden, 14 Denmark & Estonia and 68 in Group functions.

Net financial expenses (IFRS) increased to EUR 21.4 million (Q1–Q2/2022: EUR 18.4 million) mainly due to reduced capitalized interest on development projects, partially offset by lower NOK hedging cost. In addition, indirect one-off net gains related to prepayment of debt of EUR 3.1 million (EUR 0.5 million gain) were recorded during the year. Furthermore, an amount of EUR 1.3 million indirect losses (EUR 3.2 million gain) were booked related to fair value changes of cross-currency swaps not subject to hedge accounting.

Share of loss of joint ventures and associated companies totalled EUR -22.0 million (Q1–Q2/2022: EUR -5.2 million) mainly due to weaker development of property fair value in joint venture Kista.

Profit for the period was EUR 81.4 million (Q1-Q2/2022: EUR 58.6 million).

4. Property portfolio value development

The asset value of investment properties decreased in Q1–Q2/2023 by EUR 61.0 million from year-end to EUR 3,979.0 million (31 December 2022: EUR 4,040.1 million) mainly due to weaker NOK and SEK FX rates. Net investments, including both acquisitions and disposals and development projects increased the value by EUR 28.9 million, fair value gains by EUR 69.4 million. These increases were offset by changes in FX rates, which decreased the value by EUR 158.9 million. Changes in right-of-use -assets also decreased the value by EUR 0.4 million.

The fair value change of investment properties in Q1–Q2/2023 amounted to EUR 69.4 million (Q1–Q2/2022: EUR 22.2 million). The company recorded a total value increase of EUR 104.1 million (Q1–Q2/2022: EUR 44.9 million) and a total value decrease of EUR 31.4 million (Q1–Q2/2022: EUR -19.3 million). In addition, the application of IFRS 16 standard had an impact of EUR -3.3 million (Q1–Q2/2022: EUR -3.4 million) to the fair value change of investment properties during the January–June reporting period.

Starting from Q2/2023, external appraisers, CBRE (in Norway, Denmark and Estonia) and JLL (in Finland and Sweden) measure the fair values for annual financial statements as opposed to bi-annually. Citycon now measures the fair values of the properties internally in the second quarter, in addition to the first and third quarters under the previous valuation policy. All internal valuation periods continue to remain subject to yield and market commentary from Citycon's current external appraisers in its respective markets.



² The rolling twelve month occupancy cost ratio for like-for-like shopping centres.

Fair value changes

| MEUR | Q2/2023 | Q2/2022 | Q1-Q2/ 2023 | Q1-Q2/ 2022 | Q1-Q4/ 2022 |
|---|---------|---------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Finland | 16.7 | 8.4 | 20.3 | 12.1 | -15.3 |
| Norway | -3.4 | 0.4 | 20.2 | 8.3 | -26.5 |
| Sweden | 9.7 | 5.8 | 13.3 | 7.5 | -5.0 |
| Denmark & Estonia | 3.3 | -4.9 | 18.8 | -2.3 | -3.0 |
| Investment properties, total | 26.3 | 9.8 | 72.7 | 25.6 | -49.8 |
| Right-of-use assets classified as investment properties (IFRS 16) | -1.7 | -1.7 | -3.3 | -3.4 | -6.8 |
| Investment properties in the statement of financial position, total | 24.7 | 8.0 | 69.4 | 22.2 | -56.5 |
| Kista Galleria (50%) | -8.5 | -4.9 | -23.4 | -7.0 | -25.5 |
| Investment properties and Kista Galleria (50%), total | 16.1 | 3.1 | 46.0 | 15.2 | -82.0 |

Property portfolio summary

| 30 June 2023 | No. of properties | Gross leasable area | Fair value, MEUR | Properties held for sale, MEUR | Portfolio, % |
|---|-------------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Shopping centres, Finland | 9 | 334,550 | 1,744.9 | | 44% |
| Other properties, Finland | 1 | 2,240 | 3.8 | | 0% |
| Finland, total | 10 | 336,790 | 1,748.7 | - | 44% |
| Shopping centres, Norway | 13 | 347,900 | 1,102.1 | | 28% |
| Rented shopping centres, Norway ¹ | 1 | 14,500 | - | | - |
| Norway, total | 14 | 362,400 | 1,102.1 | - | 28% |
| Shopping centres, Sweden | 5 | 173,400 | 610.5 | | 15% |
| Other properties, Sweden | 1 | - | 6.0 | | 0% |
| Sweden, total | 6 | 173,400 | 616.5 | - | 15% |
| Shopping centres, Denmark & Estonia | 4 | 139,200 | 470.2 | | 12% |
| Other properties, Denmark & Estonia | - | - | | | - |
| Denmark & Estonia, total | 4 | 139,200 | 470.2 | - | 12% |
| Shopping centres, total | 32 | 1,009,550 | 3,927.7 | | 99% |
| Other properties, total | 2 | 2,240 | 9.8 | | 0% |
| Investment properties, total | 34 | 1,011,790 | 3,937.5 | - | 99% |
| Right-of-use assets classified as investment properties (IFRS 16) | - | - | 41.6 | - | 1% |
| Investment properties in the statement of financial position, total | 34 | 1,011,790 | 3,979.0 | - | 100% |
| Kista Galleria (50%) | 1 | 46,300 | 175.7 | | - |
| Investment properties and Kista Galleria (50%), total | 35 | 1,058,090 | 4,154.7 | - | - |

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Value of rented properties is recognised within IFRS 16 investment properties based on IFRS rules.



5. Recycling of capital

No transaction activity occurred in Q1-Q2/2023.

Strengthening the balance sheet remains a key priority for the company. In November 2022, Citycon announced its goal to sell EUR 500 million of non-core assets in the next 24 months. Following the transaction executed in December 2022 the remaining target is EUR 380 million.

6. (Re)development projects progressed

(Re)development projects in progress on 30 June 2023

| | Location | Area before/after, sq.m. | Expected gross- investment, MEUR | Actual gross investment by 30 June 2023, MEUR | Completion |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------|
| Herkules, residentials (50%) | Skien, Norway | -/7,600 | 28.0 | 9.1 | 2024 |
| Barkarby, residentials | Stockholm, Sweden | -/12,950 | 69.5 ¹ | 6.6 ¹ | 2024 |

¹ The transaction has been structured as a forward commitment, whereby Citycon made a deposit of EUR 6.6 million in April 2022 and will fund the remaining purchase price. pro-rata, at the completion of two construction phases in Q1/2024 and Q2/2024. The closing of the transaction will be after the completion of each phase with no additional obligations from Citycon before construction of each phase is complete.

Completed (re)development projects on Q1-Q2/2023

| | Location | Area before/after, sq.m. | Actual investment by 30 June 2023, MEUR | Completion |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------------|---|------------|
| Lippulaiva residentials | Helsinki metropolitan area, Finland | -/12,800 | 60.6 | Q1/2023 |

Further information on Citycon's completed, ongoing and planned (re)developments can be found in the company's Financial Review 2022.

7. Shareholders' equity

Equity per share was EUR 13.12 (EUR 13.75 on 31 December 2022). Equity return, translation losses and hybrid bond repayments decreased equity per share. The decrease was partly offset by the positive result for the period.

At period-end, shareholders' equity attributable to parent company's shareholders was EUR 1,554.8 million (31 December 2022: EUR 1,618.8 million).



8. Financing

Key financing figures

| | | 30 June 2023 | 30 June 2022 | 31 December 2022 |
|---|-------|--------------|--------------|------------------|
| Nominal debt outstanding ³ | MEUR | 1,776.7 | 1,797.0 | 1,781.7 |
| Interest bearing liabilities, carrying value ¹ | MEUR | 1,800.6 | 1,822.5 | 1,807.7 |
| Available liquidity | MEUR | 442.8 | 533.8 | 577.7 |
| Average loan maturity | years | 2.9 | 3.7 | 3.2 |
| Loan to Value (LTV) ² | % | 43.0 | 40.8 | 41.4 |
| Interest cover ratio (financial covenant > 1.8) | х | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.0 |
| Net debt to total assets (financial covenant < 0.60) | Х | 0.40 | 0.39 | 0.39 |
| Solvency ratio (financial covenant < 0.65) | Х | 0.42 | 0.40 | 0.40 |
| Secured solvency ratio (financial covenant < 0.25) | Х | 0.06 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

¹ Including EUR 38.7 million (Q2/2022: EUR 46.1 million) IFRS 16 lease liabilities.

In June, the company continued repurchasing bonds in the open markets for a total notional of EUR 15.7 million. Repurchases targeted all of the company's outstanding Eurobonds, of which EUR 9.0 million of the total notional was related to the 2024 notes.

In June, Citycon terminated its credit rating agreement with the rating agency Moody's Investors Service. The credit rating of Citycon continues to be assessed by Standard & Poor's, which in April affirmed Citycon's investment grade credit rating (BBB-/ stable outlook) highlighting Citycon's strong operating performance and stable credit metrics.

In May, the company deployed part of the funds from the new term loan in a public tender offer to repay EUR 138.3 million of the 2024 notes. Another EUR 80.0 million was used to repay short term commercial paper over the quarter.

In April, the company signed a total of EUR 650 million new committed syndicated multicurrency credit facility, to replace and extend its existing EUR 500 million facilities maturing in May 2024. The new facility consists of EUR 400 million revolving credit facility and a EUR 250 million term loan, and is fully secured by Iso Omena and four Norwegian assets.

In March, the company returned to repurchase bonds at an attractive price in the open market. In total, EUR 22.5 million of the company's 2024 notes were repurchased in the open market.

In January, Citycon executed a tender offer of the 2024 notes and the two capital securities issued in 2019 and 2021. In January the company announced that it accepted an aggregate amount of EUR 57.4 million of the principal amounts outstanding on the three tendered securities for repurchase, for a total purchase consideration of EUR 41.4 million.

The Annual General Meeting authorized the Board of Directors to decide quarterly in its discretion on the distribution of equity repayment with an annual maximum total amount of EUR 0.50 per share. The equity repayment paid in March and in June was mainly financed by operative cash flow.

Interest-bearing debt

The outstanding amount of interest-bearing debt increased during the quarter by EUR 8.8 million to EUR 1,776.7 million, following the repayment of EUR 154 million of bonds and EUR 80 million outstanding commercial paper with funds from a new EUR 250 million term loan. The carrying amount of interest-bearing liabilities in the balance sheet was EUR 1,800.6 million including IFRS 16 liabilities of EUR 38.7 million.

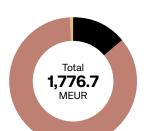
The weighted average loan maturity remained at 2.9 years following the refinancing of short-term debt with a long term EUR 250 million term loan. LTV (IFRS) stayed at a similar level over the quarter and was 43.0%.

² Hybrid bond treated as equity as according to IFRS. Excluding both right-of-use assets recognized as part of investment properties, as well as lease liabilities pertaining to these right-of-use assets, which are based on IFRS 16 requirements.

³ Starting 1.1.2023 the company no longer defines the fair value of debt as the nominal outstanding, instead market value of debt is used as definition of fair value of debt.

Breakdown of loans

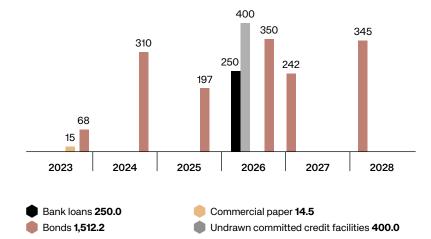
%





Debt maturities

MEUR



Financial expenses

Key figures

| | | Q2/2023 | Q2/2022 | Q1-Q2/2023 | Q1-Q2/2022 | 2022 |
|--|------|---------|---------|------------|------------|-------|
| Financial expenses ¹ | MEUR | -15.5 | -14.7 | -30.3 | -27.0 | -64.7 |
| Financial income ¹ | MEUR | 6.2 | 2.9 | 8.9 | 8.6 | 16.7 |
| Net financial expenses (IFRS) | MEUR | -9.3 | -11.8 | -21.4 | -18.4 | -48.0 |
| Direct net financial expenses (EPRA) | MEUR | -12.1 | -11.9 | -23.6 | -22.2 | -47.0 |
| Weighted average interest rate ² | % | = | - | 2.83 | 2.44 | 2.43 |
| Weighted average interest rate excluding derivatives | % | - | - | 3.00 | 2.47 | 2.57 |
| Year-to-date weighted average interest rate ² | % | - | - | 2.52 | 2.48 | 2.42 |

¹ The foreign exchange differences are netted in the financial expenses.

The direct net financial expenses (EPRA) Q1–Q2/2023 were EUR 1.4 million higher than last year, mainly due to decreased capitalized interest on development projects following the finalization of Lippulaiva in March 2023.

Net financial expenses (IFRS) increased to EUR 21.4 million (Q1–Q2/2022: EUR 18.4 million) mainly due to less capitalized interest on development projects, partially offset by lower NOK hedging cost. In addition, indirect one-off net gains related to prepayment of debt of EUR 3.1 million (Q1–Q2/2022: EUR 0.5 million gain) were recorded during the year. Furthermore, an amount of EUR 1.3 million indirect losses was booked related to fair value changes of cross-currency swaps not under hedge accounting, whereas the corresponding period Q1–Q2/2022 carried a EUR 3.2 million profit from fair value of swaps.

The financial income mainly consisted of interest income on a loan to Kista Galleria.

The period-end weighted average interest rate was 2.83%.

Financial risk management

Citycon uses interest rate swaps and options to hedge the floating interest rate risk exposure. According to the company's treasury policy, the currency net transaction risk exposure with profit and loss impact is fully hedged through currency forwards and cross-currency swaps that convert EUR debt into SEK and NOK.

Financial risk management

| | | 30 June 2023 | 30 June 2022 | 31 December 2022 |
|-------------------------------------|-------|--------------|--------------|------------------|
| Average interest-rate fixing period | years | 2.5 | 3.7 | 3.2 |
| Fixed interest rate ratio | % | 88.3 | 99.7 | 93.0 |



² Including interest rate swaps and cross-currency swaps.

9. Business environment

Business environment key figures

| | Finland | Norway | Sweden | Denmark | Estonia | Euro area |
|------------------------------|---------|--------|--------|---------|---------|-----------|
| GDP growth forecast 2023 | 0.0% | 2.1% | -0.5% | 0.0% | -1.2% | 0.8% |
| Inflation, forecast 2023 | 5.3% | 4.9% | 6.8% | 4.8% | 9.7% | 5.3% |
| Unemployment, 2023 | 7.5% | 3.5% | 7.8% | 5.1% | 6.1% | 6.8% |
| Retail sales growth, 4/20231 | -3.1% | -6.4% | -4.8% | -4.1% | -10.0% | -2.6% |

^{1 %} change compared with the same month of the previous year

Sources: IMF Economic Outlook, SEB Nordic Outlook, European Commission, Eurostat, Statistics Finland/Norway/Sweden/Estonia/Denmark

The Nordic economies, like the rest of the global economy, are impacted by the increase in cost of living and the uncertain economic environment due to inflation, rising interest rates, and geopolitical uncertainty. The common denominator for the Nordic countries is their strong financial position, thanks to high personal savings, strong public finances and robust job creation, which continue to persist. This provides these economies a buffer and some degree of resilience during this time of inflation, and rising interest rates.

While inflation is trending higher in all Nordic markets, this continues to benefit Citycon's operations due to the grocery and services-oriented tenant mix of Citycon's necessity-based urban hubs, which are less reliant on consumer discretionary spending. In addition, 93% of the Company's leases are tied to indexation.

Sources: SEB Nordic Outlook, European Commission, CBRE, JLL, Statistics Finland/Norway/Sweden/Estonia/Denmark, Eurostat

10. Risks and uncertainties

The most significant near-term risks and uncertainties in Citycon's business operations are associated with the general development of the economy and consumer confidence in the Nordic countries and Estonia, and how this affects fair values, occupancy rates and rental levels of the shopping centres and, thereby, Citycon's financial results. Increased competition locally or from e-commerce might affect demand for retail premises, which could lead to lower rental levels or increased vacancy, especially outside capital city regions. Costs of development projects could increase due to rising construction costs or projects could be delayed due to unforeseeable challenges. Rising interest rates could also put pressure on investment yields, which could potentially impact fair values. The war in Ukraine and the COVID-19 virus continue to pose risks to economic health in Europe as well.

Citycon's reporting currency is the euro, and at the same time, its most important functional currencies are the euro, the Norwegian crown, and the Swedish crown. As a result, currency fluctuations can affect Citycon's reported figures. Additionally, foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities can lead to foreign exchange gains or losses.

The main risks that can materially affect Citycon's business and financial results, along with the main risk management actions, are presented in detail on pages 35–36 in the Financial Statements 2022, in Note 3.5 A) as well as on Citycon's website in the Corporate Governance section.

11. General meeting

Citycon's Virtual Annual General Meeting 2023 (AGM) was held on 21 March 2023. The Annual General Meeting was held without a meeting venue using remote connection in real time, in accordance with Section 11 of the Articles of Association of the Company and Chapter 5, Section 16 Subsection 3 of the Finnish Limited Liability Companies Act. A total of 291 shareholders were presented in the meeting either having voted in advance or via remote connection in person, or by statutory representative or by proxy, representing 51.0% of shares and votes in the company.

The General Meeting approved all the proposals made by the Board of Directors to the General Meeting. The AGM adopted the company's Financial Statements and discharged the members of the Board of Directors and the CEO from liability for the financial year 2022 and decided to adopt the Remuneration Report for the governing bodies.

The General Meeting decided that no dividend is distributed by a resolution of the AGM and authorised the Board of Directors to decide in its discretion on the distribution of assets from the invested unrestricted equity fund. Based on the authorisation, the maximum amount of equity repayment to be distributed from the invested unrestricted equity fund shall not exceed EUR 0.50 per share. The authorisation is valid until the opening of the next AGM.



The AGM resolved the number of members of the Board of Directors to be eight. Chaim Katzman, Yehuda (Judah) L. Angster, F. Scott Ball, Zvi Gordon, Alexandre (Sandy) Koifman, David Lukes, Per-Anders Ovin and Ljudmila Popova were re-elected to the Board of Directors.

Ernst & Young Oy, a firm of authorised public accountants, was re-elected as the auditor of the company for 2023.

The AGM decisions and the minutes of the AGM are available on the company's website at citycon.com/agm2023.

Extraordinary General Meeting 2023

Citycon's Virtual Extraordinary General Meeting (EMG) was held on 1 June 2023. The General Meeting approved all the proposals made by the Board of Directors to the General Meeting. The number of members of the Board of Directors was resolved to be nine. Mr Adi Jemini was elected as new member of the Board of Directors for a term that will continue until the close of the next Annual General Meeting. Other current members of the Board of Directors continue in their position until the close of the next Annual General Meeting.

Further information available on the company's website at citycon.com/egm2023.

12. Shares, share capital and shareholders

The company has a single series of shares, with each share entitling to one vote at a General Meeting of shareholders. At the end of June 2023, the total number of shares outstanding in the company was 168,008,940. The shares have no nominal value.

At the end of June 2023, Citycon had a total of 28,417 registered shareholders (30 June 2022: 28,452 shareholders), of which 10 were account managers of nominee-registered shares. Holders of the nominee-registered shares held approximately 117.2 million shares (30 June 2022:116.5), or 69.8% (30 June 2022: 69.4%) of shares and voting rights in the company. The most significant registered shareholders at period-end can be found on company's website <u>citycon.com/major-shareholders</u>.

Shares and share capital

| | | Q1-Q2/2023 | Q1-Q2/2022 | 2022 |
|----------------------------------|------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Share capital at period-start | MEUR | 259.6 | 259.6 | 259.6 |
| Share capital at period-end | MEUR | 259.6 | 259.6 | 259.6 |
| Number of shares at period-start | | 168,008,940 | 168,498,525 | 168,498,525 |
| Number of shares at period-end | | 168,008,940 | 168,008,940 | 168,008,940 |

Share price and trading

| | | Q1-Q2/2023 | Q1-Q2/2022 | % | 2022 |
|-------------------------------------|---------|------------|------------|--------|---------|
| Low | EUR | 5.77 | 6.48 | -11.0% | 5.96 |
| High | EUR | 7.01 | 7.57 | -7.4% | 7.57 |
| Average | EUR | 6.48 | 7.02 | -7.8% | 6.81 |
| Latest | EUR | 5.82 | 6.48 | -10.2% | 6.26 |
| Market capitalisation at period-end | MEUR | 977.8 | 1,088.7 | -10.2% | 1,050.9 |
| Number of shares traded | million | 31.7 | 48.8 | -35.0% | 84.4 |
| Value of shares traded | MEUR | 205.0 | 341.7 | -40.0% | 575.0 |

Shareholders 30 June 2023

% of shares and voting rights



Nominee-registered shareholders **69.8%** (117.2 million shares)

Directly registered shareholdings **30.2%** (50.8 million shares)



Dividend and equity repayment

Dividends and equity repayments paid in Q1-Q2/2023¹

| | Record date | Payment date | EUR / share |
|---------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| Equity repayment Q1 | 24 March 2023 | 31 March 2023 | 0.125 |
| Equity repayment Q2 | 16 June 2023 | 26 June 2023 | 0.125 |
| Total | | | 0.250 |

Remaining Board authorisation for equity repayment²

| | Preliminary record date | Preliminary payment date | EUR / share |
|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Equity repayment Q3 | 22 September 2023 | 29 September 2023 | 0.125 |
| Equity repayment Q4 | 20 December 2023 | 29 December 2023 | 0.125 |
| Total | | | 0.250 |

¹ Board decision based on the authorisation issued by the AGM 2023.

Board authorisations

In addition to the above explained asset distribution authorisation of the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors of the company had two valid authorisations at the period-end granted by the AGM held on 21 March 2023:

- The Board of Directors may decide on an issuance of a maximum of 16 million shares or special rights entitling to shares referred
 to in Chapter 10 Section 1 of the Finnish Companies Act, which corresponded to approximately 9.52% of all the shares in the
 company at the period-end. The authorisation is valid until the close of the next AGM, however, no longer than until 30 June 2024.
- The Board of Directors may decide on the repurchase and/or on the acceptance as pledge of the company's own shares in
 one or several tranches. The amount of own shares to be repurchased and/or accepted as pledge shall not exceed 30 million
 shares, which corresponded to approximately 17.86% of all the shares in the company at the period-end. The authorisation is
 valid until the close of the next AGM, however, no longer than until 30 June 2024.

During January–June 2023, the Board of Directors used once its authorisation to repurchase its own shares and issue them by conveying repurchased shares. The repurchases and conveyances were made for payment of rewards earned under the company's share plans in accordance with the terms and conditions of the plans:

Restricted Share Plan 2020-2022

 On 6 March 2023, the company repurchased a total of 7,000 of its own shares and conveyed them on 9 March 2023 to four key persons of the company.

Performance Share Plan 2020-2022

On 6 March 2023, the company repurchased total of 10,000 of its own shares and conveyed them on 9 March 2023 to two
key persons of the company.

Own shares

During the reporting period, the company held a total of 17,000 of the company's own shares, which were conveyed to implement payments of rewards earned under the company's share plans as described in the section Board authorisations. At the end of the period, the company or its subsidiaries held no shares in the company.

Flagging notices

In Q1/2023, Citycon received in total five flagging notifications (between 24 February and 10 March 2023) due to a share purchase agreement entered into by Gazit Europe Netherlands B.V. and its parent G City Ltd. on 22 February 2023, according to which Gazit Europe Netherlands B.V. purchased a total of 19,000,000 shares in Citycon from G City Ltd. The share purchase agreement was published by flagging notification on 24 February 2023 and separate flagging notifications for the partial executions were published on 3 March, 7 March, 9 March and 10 March 2023.

The completion of the share purchase agreement did not affect the aggregate total direct and indirect holdings of G City Ltd. in Citycon.

In Q2/2023, the company did not receive any notifications of changes in shareholding.



² The AGM 2023 authorised the Board of Directors to decide in its discretion on the distribution of assets from the invested unrestricted equity fund. Based on the authorisation the maximum amount of equity repayment distributed from the invested unrestricted equity fund shall not exceed EUR 0.50 per share. Unless the Board of Directors decides otherwise for a justified reason, the authorisation will be used to distribute equity repayment four times during the period of validity of the authorisation. In this case, the Board of Directors will make separate resolutions on each distribution of the equity repayment so that the preliminary record and payment dates will be as stated above. Citycon shall make separate announcements of such Board resolutions.

Incentive plans

Long-term Share-based Incentive Plans

Citycon has eight long-term share-based incentive plans for the Group key employees:

- · CEO Restricted Share Plan 2021-2025
- CEO Option Plan 2022–2025
- · CFO Restricted Share Plan 2021-2024
- Performance Share Plan 2020–2022 (Corporate Management Committee excl. the CEO)
- Performance Share Plan 2023–2025 (Corporate Management Committee excl. the CEO)
- Matching Share Plan 2022–2024 (Corporate Management Committee excl. the CEO)
- Restricted Share Plan 2020-2022 (Key employees, excl. Corporate Management Committee) and
- Restricted Share Plan 2023-2025 (Key employees, excl. Corporate Management Committee)

In March 2023, the Board of Directors approved two new long-term share-based incentive plans: Performance Share Plan 2023–2025 and Restricted Share Plan 2023–2025. Performance Share Plan is directed to the members of the Corporate Management Committee, excluding the CEO. Restricted Share Plan is directed to selected key employees, excluding the CEO and other members of the Corporate Management Committee. New long-term share-based incentive plans will replace Performance Share Plan 2020-2022 and Restricted Share Plan 2020-2022, of which last shares were allocated in 2022 (reward payments will take place in 2023-2025).

Further information on Citycon's share-based incentive plans is available on the company's website at citycon.com/remuneration.

13. Events after the reporting period

No material events after the reporting period.

For more investor information, please visit the company's website at www.citycon.com.

Helsinki, 18 July 2023 Citycon Oyi **Board of Directors**

For further information, please contact:

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Citycon is a leading owner, manager and developer of mixed-use real estate featuring modern, necessity-based retail with residential, office and municipal service spaces that enhance the communities in which they operate. Citycon is committed to sustainable property management in the Nordic region with assets that total approximately EUR 4.2 billion. Our centres are located in urban hubs in the heart of vibrant communities with direct connections to public transport and anchored by grocery, healthcare and other services that cater to the everyday needs of customers.

Citycon has investment-grade credit ratings from Standard & Poor's (BBB-). Citycon's shares are listed on Nasdaq Helsinki Ltd.

www.citycon.com



EPRA performance measures

Citycon applies to the best practices policy recommendations of EPRA (European Public Real Estate Association) for financial reporting. More information about EPRA's performance measures is available in Citycon's Financial Statements 2022 in section "EPRA performance measures". These tables include actual FX rates. The numbers include the sale of four investments properties during the last year.

EPRA performance measures

| | | Q2/2023 | Q2/2022 | % | Q1-Q2/ 2023 | Q1-Q2/ 2022 | % | Q1-Q4/ 2022 |
|---|------|---------|---------|--------|----------------|----------------|--------|----------------|
| EPRA Earnings | MEUR | 26.6 | 32.2 | -17.4% | 51.9 | 60.3 | -14.0% | 122.6 |
| Adjusted EPRA Earnings ¹ | MEUR | 19.4 | 24.6 | -20.8% | 37.3 | 45.2 | -17.4% | 92.1 |
| EPRA Earnings per share (basic) | EUR | 0.158 | 0.192 | -17.4% | 0.309 | 0.359 | -14.0% | 0.730 |
| Adjusted EPRA Earnings per share (basic) ¹ | EUR | 0.116 | 0.146 | -20.8% | 0.222 | 0.269 | -17.4% | 0.548 |
| EPRA NRV per share | EUR | 10.71 | 11.87 | -9.8% | 10.71 | 11.87 | -9.8% | 11.01 |

¹ The adjusted key figure includes hybrid bond coupons and amortized fees.

The following tables present how EPRA performance measures are calculated.

1) EPRA earnings

| MEUR | Q2/2023 | Q2/2022 | % | Q1-Q2/ 2023 | Q1-Q2/ 2022 | % | Q1-Q4/ 2022 |
|--|---------|---------|--------|----------------|----------------|--------|----------------|
| Earnings in IFRS Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income | 36.7 | 28.7 | 27.7% | 81.4 | 58.6 | 39.0% | 5.1 |
| +/- Net fair value losses/gains on investment property | -24.7 | -8.0 | - | -69.4 | -22.2 | - | 56.5 |
| -/+ Net gains/losses on sale of investment property | 1.6 | 0.2 | - | 1.8 | -0.9 | - | 4.3 |
| + Indirect other operating expenses | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 | 14.1 | -99.9% | 26.7 |
| +/- Early close-out costs/gains of debt and financial instruments | -2.5 | -0.7 | - | -3.1 | -0.5 | - | -8.1 |
| -/+ Fair value gains/losses of financial instruments | -0.2 | 0.6 | - | 0.9 | -3.2 | - | 9.2 |
| +/- Indirect losses/gains of joint ventures and associated companies | 4.1 | 3.5 | 19.2% | 18.8 | 3.0 | - | 21.0 |
| -/+ Change in deferred taxes arising from the items above | 11.6 | 8.0 | 45.0% | 21.4 | 11.5 | 86.6% | 8.0 |
| + Non-controlling interest arising from the items above | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 |
| EPRA Earnings | 26.6 | 32.2 | -17.4% | 51.9 | 60.3 | -14.0% | 122.6 |
| -/+ Hybrid bond coupons and amortized fees | -7.1 | -7.6 | 6.1% | -14.5 | -15.1 | 3.8% | -30.5 |
| Adjusted EPRA Earnings | 19.4 | 24.6 | -20.8% | 37.3 | 45.2 | -17.4% | 92.1 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares, million | 168.0 | 168.0 | 0.0% | 168.0 | 168.0 | 0.0% | 168.0 |
| EPRA Earnings per share (basic), EUR | 0.158 | 0.192 | -17.4% | 0.309 | 0.359 | -14.0% | 0.730 |
| Adjusted EPRA Earnings per share (basic), EUR | 0.116 | 0.146 | -20.8% | 0.222 | 0.269 | -17.4% | 0.548 |



The table below presents an alternative calculation of EPRA Earnings from the statement of comprehensive income from top to bottom.

| MEUR | Q2/2023 | Q2/2022 | % | Q1-Q2/ 2023 | Q1-Q2/ 2022 | % | Q1-Q4/ 2022 |
|--|---------|---------|--------|----------------|----------------|--------|----------------|
| Net rental income | 48.9 | 52.8 | -7.3% | 96.7 | 101.8 | -5.0% | 203.6 |
| Direct administrative expenses | -6.9 | -5.9 | -16.3% | -16.6 | -14.7 | -13.0% | -28.7 |
| Direct other operating income and expenses | 0.2 | -0.5 | - | 0.3 | -0.7 | - | 0.2 |
| Direct operating profit | 42.2 | 46.3 | -8.9% | 80.4 | 86.4 | -7.0% | 175.2 |
| Direct net financial income and expenses | -12.1 | -11.9 | -1.6% | -23.6 | -22.2 | -6.6% | -47.0 |
| Direct share of profit/loss of joint ventures and associated companies | -2.2 | -1.0 | - | -3.2 | -2.2 | -49.8% | -3.6 |
| Direct current taxes | -1.2 | -1.4 | 12.3% | -1.9 | -2.0 | 5.8% | -2.1 |
| Direct deferred taxes | 0.0 | 0.1 | - | 0.2 | 0.2 | -5.5% | 0.2 |
| Direct non-controlling interest | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 |
| EPRA Earnings | 26.6 | 32.2 | -17.4% | 51.9 | 60.3 | -14.0% | 122.6 |
| -/+ Hybrid bond coupons and amortized fees | -7.1 | -7.6 | 6.1% | -14.5 | -15.1 | 3.8% | -30.5 |
| Adjusted EPRA Earnings | 19.4 | 24.6 | -20.8% | 37.3 | 45.2 | -17.4% | 92.1 |
| EPRA Earnings per share (basic), EUR | 0.158 | 0.192 | -17.4% | 0.309 | 0.359 | -14.0% | 0.730 |
| Adjusted EPRA Earnings per share (basic), EUR | 0.116 | 0.146 | -20.8% | 0.222 | 0.269 | -17.4% | 0.548 |

2) EPRA NRV, NTA and NDV per share

In October 2019, the European Public Real Estate Association ('EPRA') published new Best Practice Recommendations ('BPR') for financial disclosures by listed real estate companies. The BPR introduced three new measures of net asset value: EPRA Net Reinstatement Value (NRV), Net Tangible Assets (NTA), and Net Disposal Value (NDV), which replaced previously reported measures EPRA NAV and NNNAV starting from financial statement 2020.

Citycon considers EPRA NRV to be the most relevant measure for its business.

The EPRA NRV scenario, aims to represent the value required to rebuild the entity and assumes that no selling of assets takes place.

The EPRA NTA is focused on reflecting a company's tangible assets and assumes that entities buy and sell assets, thereby crystallising certain levels of unavoidable deferred tax liability.

EPRA NDV aims to represent the shareholders' value under an orderly sale of business, where deferred tax, financial instruments and certain other adjustments are calculated to the full extent of their liability, net of any resulting tax.



The tables below present calculation of the three new EPRA net asset value measures NRV, NTA and NDV.

| | 30 | June 2023 | | 31 De | ecember 202 | 22 | 30 | 30 June 2022 | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--|
| _ | EPRA NRV | EPRA NTA | EPRA NDV | EPRA NRV | EPRA NTA | EPRA NDV | EPRA NRV | EPRA NTA | EPRA NDV | |
| Equity attributable to parent company shareholders | 1,554.8 | 1,554.8 | 1,554.8 | 1,618.8 | 1,618.8 | 1,618.8 | 1,756.4 | 1,756.4 | 1,756.4 | |
| Deferred taxes from the difference of fair value and fiscal value of investment properties ³ | 271.0 | 135.5 | - | 264.9 | 132.5 | - | 282.0 | 141.0 | - | |
| Fair value of financial instruments | -2.5 | -2.5 | - | -1.9 | -1.9 | - | -0.2 | -0.2 | - | |
| Goodwill as a result of deferred taxes | -59.1 | - | - | -65.7 | - | _ | -77.9 | - | - | |
| Goodwill as per the consolidated balance sheet | = | -109.0 | -109.0 | - | -115.4 | -115.4 | - | -128.5 | -128.5 | |
| Intangible assets as per the consolidated balance sheet | - | -9.9 | - | - | -11.0 | _ | - | -9.5 | - | |
| The difference between the secondary market price and carrying value of bonds ¹ | _ | _ | 237.8 | - | _ | 246.5 | - | _ | 240.9 | |
| Real estate transfer taxes ² | 35.0 | - | = | 34.2 | - | - | 34.1 | - | | |
| Total | 1,799.1 | 1,568.7 | 1,683.5 | 1,850.3 | 1,622.8 | 1,749.9 | 1,994.4 | 1,759.2 | 1,868.8 | |
| Number of ordinary shares at balance sheet date, million | 168.0 | 168.0 | 168.0 | 168.0 | 168.0 | 168.0 | 168.0 | 168.0 | 168.0 | |
| Net Asset Value per share | 10.71 | 9.34 | 10.02 | 11.01 | 9.66 | 10.42 | 11.87 | 10.47 | 11.12 | |

¹ When calculating the EPRA NDV in accordance with EPRA's recommendations, the shareholders' equity is adjusted using EPRA's guidelines so that bonds are valued based on secondary market prices. The difference between the secondary market price and the carrying value of the bonds was EUR 237.8 million (secondary market price lower) as of 30 June 2023. In the comparison period 30 June 2022, the difference was EUR 240.9 million (secondary market price lower). 30 June 2022 adjustment corrected retrospectively.

² The real estate transfer tax adjustment in EPRA NRV calculation is based on the transfer tax cost for the buyer for share deal in Finland. Share deals are not subject to transfer tax in other group operating countries.

³ In the EPRA NTA formula, 50% of the deferred tax liability related to investment property fair value is added back, according to EPRA guidelines.

Condensed consolidated half-yearly report 1 January – 30 June 2023

Condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income, IFRS

| MEUR | Note | Q2/2023 | Q2/2022 | % | Q1-Q2/ 2023 | Q1-Q2/ 2022 | % | Q1-Q4/ 2022 |
|---|------|---------|---------|----------|----------------|----------------|--------|----------------|
| Gross rental income | 3 | 52.6 | 55.9 | -5.8% | 107.8 | 112.2 | -3.9% | 222.3 |
| Service charge income | 3, 4 | 17.4 | 18.4 | -5.3% | 36.4 | 34.8 | 4.5% | 79.2 |
| Property operating expenses | | -20.9 | -21.1 | 0.8% | -46.4 | -44.1 | -5.1% | -94.7 |
| Other expenses from leasing operations | | -0.2 | -0.4 | 52.2% | -1.0 | -1.1 | 1.9% | -3.1 |
| Net rental income | 3 | 48.9 | 52.8 | -7.3% | 96.7 | 101.8 | -5.0% | 203.6 |
| Administrative expenses | | -6.9 | -5.9 | -16.3% | -16.6 | -14.7 | -13.0% | -28.7 |
| Other operating income and expenses | | 0.2 | -0.5 | _ | 0.3 | -14.8 | - | -26.5 |
| Net fair value gains/losses on investment property | 3 | 24.7 | 8.0 | _ | 69.4 | 22.2 | - | -56.5 |
| Net gains/losses on sale of investment properties and subsidiaries | | -1.6 | -0.2 | - | -1.8 | 0.9 | - | -4.3 |
| Operating profit | 3 | 65.2 | 54.2 | 20.4% | 148.0 | 95.4 | 55.1% | 87.7 |
| Net financial income and expenses | | -9.3 | -11.7 | 20.5% | -21.4 | -18.4 | -16.4% | -48.0 |
| Share of profit/loss of joint ventures and associated companies | | -6.4 | -4.5 | -43.2% | -22.0 | -5.2 | - | -24.6 |
| Result before taxes | | 49.5 | 38.0 | 30.4% | 104.6 | 71.9 | 45.4% | 15.1 |
| Current taxes | | -1.2 | -1.4 | 12.3% | -1.9 | -2.0 | 5.8% | -2.1 |
| Deferred taxes | | -11.6 | -7.8 | -48.1% | -21.2 | -11.3 | -88.4% | -7.9 |
| Result for the period | | 36.7 | 28.7 | 27.7% | 81.4 | 58.6 | 39.0% | 5.1 |
| Profit/loss attributable to | | , | - | | | | | |
| Parent company shareholders | | 36.7 | 28.7 | 27.7% | 81.4 | 58.6 | 39.0% | 5.3 |
| Non-controlling interest | | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | - | -0.3 |
| Earnings per share attributable to parent company shareholders | | | | | | | | |
| Earnings per share (basic), EUR1 | 5 | 0.18 | 0.13 | 41.2% | 0.50 | 0.26 | 91.5% | -0.15 |
| Earnings per share (diluted), EUR ¹ | 5 | 0.18 | 0.12 | 41.7% | 0.49 | 0.25 | 92.2% | -0.15 |
| Other comprehensive income | | | | | | | | |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | | | | | | | | |
| Net gains/losses on cash flow hedges | | 1.1 | 0.1 | - | 0.6 | 0.9 | -32.4% | 0.5 |
| Exchange gains/losses on translating foreign operations | | -35.2 | -70.5 | 50.1% | -102.8 | -44.4 | - | -73.5 |
| Net other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods | | -34.1 | -70.4 | 51.6% | -102.3 | -43.5 | - | -73.0 |
| Other comprehensive income for the period, after taxes | | -34.1 | -70.4 | 51.6% | -102.3 | -43.5 | - | -73.0 |
| Total comprehensive profit/loss for the period | | 2.6 | -41.7 | <u>-</u> | -20.8 | 15.0 | - | -67.9 |
| Total comprehensive profit/loss attributable to | | | | | | | | |
| Parent company shareholders | | 2.6 | -41.7 | - | -20.8 | 15.0 | - | -67.6 |
| Non-controlling interest | | 0.0 | 0.0 | _ | 0.0 | 0.0 | _ | -0.3 |

¹ The key figure includes hybrid bond coupons, amortized fees and gains and expenses on hybrid bond repayments.



Condensed consolidated statement of financial position, IFRS

| MEUR | Note | 30 June 2023 | 30 June 2022 | 31 December 2022 |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|
| Assets | | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | | |
| Investment properties | 6 | 3,979.0 | 4,216.9 | 4,040.1 |
| Goodwill | | 109.0 | 128.5 | 115.4 |
| Investments in joint ventures and associated companies | | 82.1 | 126.1 | 103.5 |
| Intangible and tangible assets, and other non-current assets | | 27.7 | 12.6 | 30.8 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 10, 11 | 36.6 | 23.9 | 18.6 |
| Deferred tax assets | | 16.5 | 16.5 | 16.4 |
| Total non-current assets | | 4,250.9 | 4,524.6 | 4,324.9 |
| Investment properties held for sale | 8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Current assets | | | | |
| Derivative financial instruments | 10, 11 | 3.4 | 1.1 | 2.8 |
| Trade receivables and other current assets | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 63.1 | 95.8 | 63.9 |
| Cash, cash equivalents and current financial investments | 9 | 32.9 | 26.3 | 69.2 |
| Total current assets | | 99.4 | 123.3 | 135.9 |
| Total | | 4.050.0 | 4.047.0 | 4 400 7 |
| Total assets | 3 | 4,350.3 | 4,647.8 | 4,460.7 |
| Shareholders' Equity and Liabilities | | | | |
| Equity attributable to parent company shareholders | | | | |
| Share capital | | 259.6 | 259.6 | 259.6 |
| Share premium fund | | 131.1 | 131.1 | 131.1 |
| Fair value reserve | | 2.5 | 2.3 | 1.9 |
| Invested unrestricted equity fund | 12 | 618.2 | 702.2 | 660.2 |
| Retained earnings | 12 | 543.3 | 661.2 | 565.9 |
| Total equity attributable to parent company shareholders | | 1,554.8 | 1,756.4 | 1,618.8 |
| Hybrid bond | | 648.7 | 690.3 | 691.5 |
| Non-controlling interest | | 0.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| Total shareholders' equity | | 2,203.4 | 2,447.0 | 2,310.3 |
| Long-term liabilities | | | | |
| Loans | | 1,712.0 | 1,809.9 | 1,676.1 |
| Derivative financial instruments and other non-interest bearing liabilities | 10, 11 | 0.3 | 1.9 | 0.4 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | | 272.1 | 283.5 | 266.3 |
| Total long-term liabilities | | 1,984.5 | 2,095.4 | 1,942.8 |
| Short-term liabilities | | | | |
| Loans | | 88.6 | 12.6 | 131.6 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 10, 11 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 0.4 |
| Trade and other payables | | 73.6 | 92.1 | 75.6 |
| Total short-term liabilities | | 162.4 | 105.4 | 207.6 |
| Total liabilities | 3 | 2,146.8 | 2,200.8 | 2,150.5 |
| | | | | |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | | 4,350.3 | 4,647.8 | 4,460.7 |



Condensed consolidated cash flow statement, IFRS

| MEUR | Note | Q1-Q2/2023 | Q1-Q2/2022 | Q1-Q4/2022 |
|--|---------|------------|------------|------------|
| Cash flow from operating activities | | · | | |
| Profit before taxes | | 104.6 | 71.9 | 15.1 |
| Adjustments to profit before taxes | | -22.9 | 17.6 | 166.5 |
| Cash flow before change in working capital | | 81.7 | 89.5 | 181.5 |
| Change in working capital | | -2.2 | -24.3 | -22.7 |
| Cash generated from operations | | 79.5 | 65.2 | 158.8 |
| Paid interest and other financial charges | | -20.3 | -22.5 | -53.9 |
| Interest income and other financial income received | | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 |
| Current taxes paid | | -0.6 | -0.9 | -5.4 |
| Net cash from operating activities | | 58.8 | 41.8 | 99.7 |
| Cash flow from investing activities | | | | |
| Acquisition of investment properties and subsidiaries, less cash acquired | 6, 7, 8 | - | -6.4 | -6.5 |
| Capital expenditure on investment properties, investments in joint ventures, intangible assets and tangible assets | 6, 7, 8 | -39.7 | -86.9 | -173.9 |
| Sale of investment properties and subsidiaries | 6, 7, 8 | -0.2 | 137.6 | 270.8 |
| Purchase of current financial investments | | - | -64.9 | -64.8 |
| Repayment of current financial investments | | = | 74.3 | 84.2 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | -39.9 | 53.6 | 109.8 |
| Cash flow from financing activities | | | | |
| Proceeds from short-term loans | | 231.4 | 109.6 | 356.5 |
| Repayments of short-term loans | | -268.6 | -107.5 | -318.7 |
| Proceeds from long-term loans | | 247.1 | - | - |
| Repayments of long-term loans | | -183.5 | -57.1 | -102.5 |
| Hybrid bond repayments | | -27.4 | | - |
| Hybrid bond interest and expenses | | -15.9 | -15.7 | -28.4 |
| Repurchase and costs of treasury shares | | <u> </u> | -1.6 | -1.6 |
| Dividends and return from the invested unrestricted equity fund | 12 | -42.0 | -42.0 | -84.0 |
| Realized exchange rate gains/losses | | 7.2 | 2.6 | 6.8 |
| Net cash from financing activities | | -51.8 | -111.7 | -172.0 |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents | | -33.0 | -16.3 | 37.5 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at period-start | 9 | 69.2 | 34.7 | 34.7 |
| Effects of exchange rate changes | | -3.3 | -2.0 | -3.1 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at period-end | 9 | 32.9 | 16.5 | 69.2 |



Condensed consolidated statement of changes in shareholders' equity, IFRS

| MEUR | Share capital | Share premium fund | Fair value reserve | Invested unrestricted equity fund | Translation reserve | Retained earnings | Equity attributable to parent company shareholders | Hybrid bond | Non- controlling interest | Share- holders' equity, total |
|--|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|---|---------------------|----------------------|--|----------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Balance at 1 January 2022 | 259.6 | 131.1 | 1.4 | 744.2 | -114.8 | 778.6 | 1,800.1 | 689.1 | 0.3 | 2,489.5 |
| Total comprehensive profit/loss for the period | | | 0.9 | | -44.4 | 58.6 | 15.0 | | 0.0 | 15.0 |
| Hybrid bond interest and expenses | | | | | | -16.8 | -16.8 | 1.2 | | -15.6 |
| Repurchase and costs of Treasury shares | | | | | | -1.6 | -1.6 | | | -1.6 |
| Dividends paid and equity return (Note 12) | | | | -42.0 | | | -42.0 | | | -42.0 |
| Share-based payments | | | | | | 1.4 | 1.4 | | | 1.4 |
| Other changes | | | | | , | 0.2 | 0.2 | | | 0.2 |
| Balance at 30 June 2022 | 259.6 | 131.1 | 2.3 | 702.2 | -159.2 | 820.4 | 1,756.4 | 690.3 | 0.3 | 2,447.0 |
| Balance at 1 January 2023 | 259.6 | 131.1 | 1.9 | 660.2 | -188.3 | 754.3 | 1,618.8 | 691.5 | 0.0 | 2,310.3 |
| Total comprehensive profit/loss for the period | | | 0.6 | | -102.8 | 81.4 | -20.8 | | | -20.8 |
| Hybrid bond repayments | | | | | | | 0.0 | -43.7 | | -43.7 |
| Gains on hybrid bond repayments | | | | | | 16.3 | 16.3 | | | 16.3 |
| Hybrid bond interest and expenses | | | | | | -16.8 | -16.8 | 0.9 | | -15.9 |
| Dividends paid and equity return (Note 12) | | | | -42.0 | | | -42.0 | | | -42.0 |
| Share-based payments | | | | | | -0.7 | -0.7 | | | -0.7 |
| Other changes | | | | | | 0.0 | 0.0 | | | 0.0 |
| Balance at 30 June 2023 | 259.6 | 131.1 | 2.5 | 618.2 | -291.2 | 834.5 | 1,554.8 | 648.7 | 0.0 | 2,203.4 |



Notes to the consolidated half-yearly report

1. Basic company data

Citycon is a leading owner, manager and developer of mixed-use centres for urban living including retail, office space and housing. Citycon operates in the business units Finland, Norway, Sweden and Denmark & Estonia. Citycon is a Finnish public limited liability company established under the Finnish law and domiciled in Helsinki. The Board of Directors has approved the half-yearly report on 18th of July 2023.

2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

Citycon prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Additional information on the accounting policies are available in Citycon's annual financial statements 2022. Citycon's interim report for the reporting period has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting Standard and with the same accounting policies as in the 2022 annual financial statements, except for the measurement of the fair values. Starting from Q2/2023, external appraisers measure the fair values only for annual financial statements. Citycon measures the fair values of the properties internally in the first, second, and third quarters. The figures are unaudited.

Citycon also presents alternative performance measures according to the European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) guidelines. These alternative performance measures, such as EPRA performance measures and loan to value, are used to present the underlying business performance and to enhance comparability between financial periods. Alternative performance measures presented in this report should not be considered as a substitute for measures of performance in accordance with the IFRS.

3. Segment information

Citycon changed its operating segments and segment reporting starting from 1.1.2023. The new segments are Finland, Norway, Sweden and Denmark & Estonia. Previously the segments were Finland & Estonia, Norway and Sweden & Denmark. Comparison period numbers have been updated according to the new segments.

In Citycon's reporting, Kista Galleria is treated as a joint venture and the shopping centre's result or fair value will not impact on the gross rental income, net rental income or fair value of investment properties of the group. Kista Galleria is consolidated in Citycon's financial statements based on the equity method, meaning that Citycon's share of Kista Galleria's profit for the period is recognised in the line 'Share of result in joint ventures and associated companies' in the statement of comprehensive income and Citycon's share of Kista Galleria's shareholder's equity is recognised in the line 'Investments in joint ventures and associated companies' in the statement of financial position. In addition, the management fee received by Citycon is reported in the line 'other operating income and expenses' and the interest income on the shareholder loan is reported in 'net financial income and expenses'. Kista Galleria contributed to the IFRS based profit for the period Q1–Q2/2023 by EUR -23.4 million (Q1–Q2/2022: EUR -5.2 million).

In addition to IFRS segment results, the Board of Directors follows Kista Galleria's financial performance separately, and therefore, segment information includes both IFRS segment results and Kista Galleria's result.

| MEUR | Q2/2023 | Q2/2022 | % | Q1-Q2/2023 | Q1-Q2/2022 | % | Q1-Q4/2022 |
|--|------------|------------|----------------|------------|------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Gross rental income | | | | | | | |
| Finland | 19.8 | 18.6 | 6.0% | 40.0 | 36.4 | 9.7% | 74.2 |
| Norway | 16.2 | 20.9 | -22.5% | 34.2 | 42.9 | -20.2% | 83.0 |
| Sweden | 8.5 | 9.0 | -5.2% | 17.4 | 18.2 | -4.5% | 35.8 |
| Denmark & Estonia | 8.2 | 7.4 | 10.9% | 16.1 | 14.6 | 10.7% | 29.3 |
| Total Segments | 52.6 | 55.9 | -5.8% | 107.8 | 112.2 | -3.9% | 222.3 |
| Kista Galleria (50%) | 2.5 | 2.4 | 1.3% | 4.8 | 4.7 | 1.6% | 9.4 |
| Service charge income | | | | | | | |
| Finland | 6.9 | 6.1 | 13.4% | 14.0 | 11.5 | 21.4% | 24.3 |
| Norway | 4.9 | 6.8 | -28.1% | 11.2 | 12.8 | -12.4% | 31.3 |
| Sweden | 3.2 | 3.1 | 4.1% | 5.9 | 5.8 | 2.6% | 12.7 |
| Denmark & Estonia | 2.3 | 2.3 | 0.2% | 5.3 | 4.8 | 11.2% | 10.9 |
| Total Segments | 17.4 | 18.4 | -5.3% | 36.4 | 34.8 | 4.5% | 79.2 |
| Kista Galleria (50%) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.4% | 1.9 | 1.8 | 4.4% | 3.8 |
| Net rental income | | | | | | | |
| Finland | 19.0 | 17.8 | 6.4% | 37.2 | 33.5 | 11.0% | 68.6 |
| Norway | 14.9 | 20.4 | -27.0% | 31.4 | 40.3 | -22.0% | 78.9 |
| Sweden | 7.4 | 8.2 | -9.7% | 13.2 | 15.1 | -12.4% | 30.4 |
| Denmark & Estonia | 7.7 | 6.7 | 14.6% | 15.0 | 13.3 | 13.2% | 26.0 |
| Other | 0.0 | -0.3 | 97.9% | -0.1 | -0.3 | 66.6% | -0.3 |
| Total Segments | 48.9 | 52.8 | -7.3% | 96.7 | 101.8 | -5.0% | 203.6 |
| Kista Galleria (50%) | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.1% | 3.2 | 3.0 | 6.4% | 6.8 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Direct operating profit | 18.3 | 17.3 | 6.0% | 35.9 | 32.1 | 11.5% | 66.3 |
| Finland | | | | | | | |
| Norway | 14.2 | 19.7 | -27.7% | 29.5 | 38.2 | -22.7% | 76.0 |
| Sweden Denmark & Estonia | 6.4 7.7 | 7.1 6.6 | -9.2% 16.4% | 11.3 | 12.8 | -11.5% 14.3% | 26.4 25.9 |
| | | | -3.4% | | | | |
| Other | -4.5 | -4.4 | | -11.1 | -9.7 | -14.6% | -19.3 |
| Total Segments | 42.2 | 46.3 | -8.9% | 80.4 | 86.4 | -7.0% | 175.2 |
| Kista Galleria (50%) | 1.6 | 1.5 | 6.2% | 3.1 | 2.8 | 9.1% | 6.6 |
| Net fair value gains/losses on investment property | | | | | | | |
| Finland | 16.5 | 8.2 | - | 19.8 | 11.7 | 69.6% | -16.3 |
| Norway | -4.4 | -0.8 | _ | 18.1 | 6.0 | - | -30.9 |
| Sweden | 9.4 | 5.5 | 70.0% | 12.7 | 6.8 | 85.5% | -6.3 |
| Denmark & Estonia | 3.3 | -4.9 | - | 18.8 | -2.3 | - | -3.0 |
| Total Segments | 24.7 | 8.0 | - | 69.4 | 22.2 | - | -56.5 |
| Kista Galleria (50%) | -8.5 | -4.9 | -73.5% | -23.4 | -7.0 | <u> </u> | -25.5 |
| Operating profit/loss | | | | | | | |
| Finland | 34.7 | 25.3 | 37.6% | 55.3 | 47.3 | 17.1% | 53.2 |
| Norway | 8.3 | 19.0 | -56.3% | 46.1 | 26.9 | 71.2% | 10.6 |
| Sweden | 15.8 | 12.6 | 25.4% | 24.0 | 20.3 | 18.4% | 20.2 |
| Denmark & Estonia | 10.9 | 1.7 | 25.476 | 33.6 | 10.7 | 10.4% | 22.9 |
| Other | -4.5 | -4.4 | -3.4% | -11.1 | -9.7 | -14.6% | -19.3 |
| Total Segments | 65.2 | 54.2 | 20.4% | 148.0 | 95.4 | 55.1% | 87.7 |
| Victa Calleria (50%) | 60 | 2.4 | | 20.2 | 4.2 | | 40.0 |
| Kista Galleria (50%) | -6.9 | -3.4 | | -20.3 | -4.2 | - | -18.8 |



| MEUR | 30 June 2023 | 30 June 2022 | % | 31 December 2022 |
|----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------|------------------|
| Assets | | | | |
| Finland | 1,765.4 | 1,751.7 | 0.8% | 1,723.2 |
| Norway | 1,211.6 | 1,497.7 | -19.1% | 1,320.3 |
| Sweden | 642.4 | 693.4 | -7.4% | 660.1 |
| Denmark & Estonia | 486.7 | 459.0 | 6.0% | 465.6 |
| Other | 244.1 | 246.0 | -0.8% | 291.5 |
| Total Segments | 4,350.3 | 4,647.8 | -6.4% | 4,460.7 |
| Kista Galleria (50%) | 186.9 | 249.8 | -25.2% | 223.9 |
| Liabilities | | | | |
| Finland | 11.4 | 17.7 | -35.7% | 7.0 |
| Norway | 13.0 | 22.2 | -41.4% | 20.8 |
| Sweden | 8.5 | 10.9 | -22.2% | 12.0 |
| Denmark & Estonia | 7.7 | 7.3 | 4.7% | 9.0 |
| Other | 2,106.3 | 2,142.7 | -1.7% | 2,101.7 |
| Total Segments | 2,146.8 | 2,200.8 | -2.5% | 2,150.5 |
| Kista Galleria (50%) | 213.6 | 248.8 | -14.2% | 240.8 |

The change in segment assets was mainly due to acquisitions and disposals of investment properties and the fair value changes in investment properties as well as investments.

4. Revenue from contracts with customers

| MEUR | Q2/2023 | Q2/2022 | % | Q1-Q2/ 2023 | Q1-Q2/ 2022 | % | Q1-Q4/ 2022 |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|--------|----------------|----------------|--------|----------------|
| Service charges ¹ | 13.1 | 14.4 | -9.1% | 28.1 | 27.6 | 1.8% | 59.9 |
| Utility charges ¹ | 2.6 | 2.1 | 22.3% | 5.1 | 3.9 | 31.2% | 11.0 |
| Other service income ¹ | 1.7 | 1.8 | -8.0% | 3.2 | 3.4 | -4.5% | 8.3 |
| Management fees ² | 0.1 | 0.2 | -34.5% | 0.2 | 0.4 | -44.8% | 0.6 |
| Revenue from contracts with customers | 17.5 | 18.6 | -5.7% | 36.6 | 35.2 | 4.0% | 79.8 |

5. Earnings per share

| Earnings per share, basic | | Q2/2023 | Q2/2022 | % | Q1-Q2/ 2023 | Q1-Q2/ 2022 | % | Q1-Q4/ 2022 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|-------|----------------|----------------|-------|----------------|
| Profit attributable to parent company shareholders | MEUR | 36.7 | 28.7 | 27.7% | 81.4 | 58.6 | 39.0% | 5.3 |
| Hybrid bond interests and expenses | MEUR | -7.1 | -7.6 | 6.1% | -14.5 | -15.1 | 3.8% | -30.5 |
| Gains and expenses on hybrid bond repayments | MEUR | 0.3 | - | - | 16.3 | _ | - | - |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares ¹ | million | 168.0 | 168.0 | 0.0% | 168.0 | 168.0 | 0.0% | 168.0 |
| Earnings per share (basic) ¹ | EUR | 0.18 | 0.13 | 41.2% | 0.50 | 0.26 | 91.5% | -0.15 |

| Earnings per share, diluted | | Q2/2023 | Q2/2022 | % | Q1-Q2/ 2023 | Q1-Q2/ 2022 | % | Q1-Q4/ 2022 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|--------|----------------|----------------|--------|----------------|
| Profit attributable to parent company shareholders | MEUR | 36.7 | 28.7 | 27.7% | 81.4 | 58.6 | 39.0% | 5.3 |
| Hybrid bond interests and expenses | MEUR | -7.1 | -7.6 | 6.1% | -14.5 | -15.1 | 3.8% | -30.5 |
| Gains and expenses on hybrid bond repayments | MEUR | 0.3 | - | - | 16.3 | - | | - |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares ¹ | million | 168.0 | 168.0 | 0.0% | 168.0 | 168.0 | 0.0% | 168.0 |
| Adjustment for share-based incentive plans | million | 1.7 | 2.4 | -28.1% | 2.1 | 2.6 | -21.7% | 2.5 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares, diluted ¹ | million | 169.7 | 170.4 | -0.4% | 170.1 | 170.6 | -0.3% | 170.5 |
| Earnings per share (diluted) ¹ | EUR | 0.18 | 0.12 | 41.7% | 0.49 | 0.25 | 92.2% | -0.15 |

¹ The key figure includes hybrid bond coupons (both paid and accrued not yet recognized) and amortized fees and gains and expenses on hybrid bond repayments.



Is included in the line item 'Service charge income' in the Consolidated statement of comprehensive income.
 Is included in the line item 'Other operating income and expenses' in the Consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

6. Investment properties

Citycon divides its investment properties into two categories: Investment Properties Under Construction (IPUC) and Operative Investment Properties. On reporting date, the first mentioned category included Barkarby residentials in Sweden, and on comparable period 30 June 2022 Barkarby residentials and Lippulaiva in Finland.

IPUC-category includes the fair value of the whole property even though only part of the property may be under construction.

30 June 2023

| MEUR | Investment properties under construction (IPUC) | Operative investment properties | Investment properties, total |
|---|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2023 | 435.4 | 3,604.7 | 4,040.1 |
| Investments | 0.1 | 28.5 | 28.6 |
| Capitalized interest | - | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Fair value gains on investment property | - | 104.1 | 104.1 |
| Fair value losses on investment property | - | -31.4 | -31.4 |
| Valuation gains and losses from Right-of-Use-Assets | - | -3.3 | -3.3 |
| Exchange differences | -0.4 | -158.5 | -158.9 |
| Transfer between investment properties under construction and operative investment properties | -429.2 | 429.2 | 0.0 |
| Changes in right-of-use assets classified as investment properties (IFRS 16) | - | -0.4 | -0.4 |
| Balance at 30 June 2023 | 6.0 | 3,973.0 | 3,979.0 |

30 June 2022

| MEUR | Investment properties under construction (IPUC) | Operative investment properties | Investment properties, total |
|--|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2022 | 382.3 | 3,807.0 | 4,189.2 |
| Acquisitions | 6.4 | - | 6.4 |
| Investments | 43.8 | 23.8 | 67.6 |
| Capitalized interest | 3.7 | 0.0 | 3.7 |
| Fair value gains on investment property | 0.2 | 44.7 | 44.9 |
| Fair value losses on investment property | - | -19.3 | -19.3 |
| Valuation gains and losses from Right-of-Use-Assets | - | -3.4 | -3.4 |
| Exchange differences | - | -78.5 | -78.5 |
| Changes in right-of-use assets classified as investment properties (IFRS 16) | - | 6.3 | 6.3 |
| Balance at 30 June 2022 | 436.4 | 3,780.5 | 4,216.9 |

31 December 2022

| MEUR | Investment properties under construction (IPUC) | Operative investment properties | Investment properties, total |
|---|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2022 | 382.3 | 3,807.0 | 4,189.2 |
| Acquisitions | 6.2 | 0.0 | 6.3 |
| Investments | 83.8 | 77.6 | 161.4 |
| Disposals | -21.7 | -0.4 | -22.1 |
| Capitalized interest | 4.3 | 0.1 | 4.3 |
| Fair value gains on investment property | - | 53.1 | 53.1 |
| Fair value losses on investment property | -19.5 | -83.4 | -102.9 |
| Valuation gains and losses from Right-of-Use-Assets | - | -6.8 | -6.8 |
| Exchange differences | - | -122.3 | -122.3 |
| Transfer between operative investment properties and joint ventures and transfer into investment properties held for sale | - | -126.5 | -126.5 |
| Changes in right-of-use assets classified as investment properties (IFRS 16) | - | 6.4 | 6.4 |
| Balance at 31 December 2022 | 435.4 | 3,604.7 | 4,040.1 |



The fair value of Citycon's investment properties for the Q2/2023 reporting has been measured internally. The fair value of Citycon's investment properties has been measured by CBRE (Norway, Denmark, Estonia) and JLL (Finland, Sweden) for the the Financial statement and Half-yearly report 2022.

The fair value is calculated by a net rental income based cash flow analysis. Market rents, the yield requirement, the occupancy rate and operating expenses form the key variables used in the cash flow analysis. The segments' yield requirements and market rents used in the cash flow analysis were as follows:

| | Weighted ave | Weighted average yield requirement, % | | | Weighted average market rents, EUR/sq.m./mo | | |
|--|-----------------|--|---------------------|-----------------|--|---------------------|--|
| | 30 June 2023 | 30 June 2022 | 31 December 2022 | 30 June 2023 | 30 June 2022 | 31 December 2022 | |
| Finland | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 28.5 | 26.7 | 26.7 | |
| Norway | 5.7 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 20.0 | 20.3 | 20.5 | |
| Sweden | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 22.6 | 22.9 | 23.1 | |
| Denmark & Estonia | 6.8 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 23.4 | 20.2 | 21.6 | |
| Investment properties, average | 5.5 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 23.7 | 22.7 | 23.1 | |
| Investment properties and Kista Galleria (50%), average | 5.5 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 23.8 | 23.0 | 23.4 | |

7. Capital expenditure

| MEUR | Q1-Q2/2023 | Q1-Q2/2022 | Q1-Q4/2022 |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| Acquisitions of properties ¹ | - | 6.4 | 6.3 |
| Acquisitions of and investments in joint ventures | - | 0.3 | 0.4 |
| Property development ² | 28.9 | 71.3 | 165.7 |
| Goodwill and other investments | 0.9 | 2.2 | 4.6 |
| Total capital expenditure incl. acquisitions | 29.8 | 80.3 | 177.0 |
| Capital expenditure by segment | | | |
| Finland | 18.2 | 54.8 | 111.6 |
| Norway | 5.9 | 10.7 | 32.1 |
| Sweden | 3.1 | 11.4 | 19.8 |
| Denmark & Estonia | 2.0 | 1.1 | 9.7 |
| Group administration | 0.7 | 2.2 | 3.9 |
| Total capital expenditure incl. acquisitions | 29.8 | 80.3 | 177.0 |
| Divestments ^{3,4} | - | 145.6 | 292.0 |

 $^{^{\, 1}}$ Capital expenditure takes into account deduction in the purchase price calculations and FX rate changes.

8. Investment properties held for sale

On 30 June 2023 Citycon had no property held for sale properties.

Transfer from investment properties includes also fair value changes of properties in Investment properties held for sale.

| MEUR | 30 June 2023 | 30 June 2022 | 31 December 2022 | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|--|
| At period-start | 0.0 | 150.9 | 150.9 | |
| Disposals | - | -145.7 | -269.9 | |
| Exchange differences | - | -5.2 | -7.5 | |
| Investments | - | 0.0 | 0.0 | |
| Transfer from investment properties | - | 0.0 | 126.5 | |
| At period-end | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | |



² Comprised mainly of investments in Lippulaiva in 2022.

³ Excluding transfers into 'Investment properties held for sale' -category.

⁴ Divestments in 2022 comprise of sale of four non-core centres in Norway and two companies included in Lippulaiva centre in Finland.

9. Cash and cash equivalents

| MEUR | 30 June 2023 | 30 June 2022 | 31 December 2022 | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------|--|
| Cash in hand and at bank | 27.8 | 10.3 | 62.7 | |
| Restricted cash | 5.0 | 6.2 | 6.5 | |
| Total cash | 32.9 | 16.5 | 69.2 | |
| Current financial investments | - | 9.8 | - | |
| Total cash and cash investments | 32.9 | 26.3 | 69.2 | |

Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow statement comprise of Total cash presented above. Restricted cash mainly relates to gift cards, tax and rental deposits. Current financial investments consists of cash invested into highly liquid money market funds.

10. Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Classification of financial instruments and their carrying amounts and fair values.

| | 30 June 2023 | | 30 June 2022 | | 31 December 2022 | |
|--|-----------------|------------|-----------------|------------|------------------|------------|
| MEUR | Carrying amount | Fair value | Carrying amount | Fair value | Carrying amount | Fair value |
| Financial assets | , | | , | | , | |
| I Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss | | | | | | |
| Money Market Funds | - | - | 9.8 | 9.8 | - | - |
| Derivative financial instruments | 37.5 | 37.5 | 22.8 | 22.8 | 19.5 | 19.5 |
| II Derivative contracts under hedge accounting | | | | | | |
| Derivative financial instruments | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | |
| I Financial liabilities amortised at cost | | | | | | |
| Loans | 246.8 | 250.0 | - | - | - | - |
| Commercial paper | 14.4 | 14.5 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 49.2 | 49.5 |
| Bonds ¹ | 1,500.8 | 1,263.1 | 1,770.2 | 1,533.1 | 1,715.7 | 1,469.2 |
| Lease liabilities (IFRS 16) | 38.7 | 38.7 | 46.1 | 46.1 | 42.8 | 42.8 |
| Il Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss | | | | | | |
| Derivative financial instruments | 0.1 | 0.1 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 0.6 | 0.6 |

¹ Starting 1.1.2023 the company no longer defines the fair value of debt as the nominal outstanding, instead market value of debt is used as definition of fair value of debt. Corresponding periods have been updated retrospectively.



11. Derivative financial instruments

| | 30 June 2023 | | 30 June 2022 | | 31 December 2022 | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|------------|----------------|------------|------------------|------------|
| MEUR | Nominal amount | Fair value | Nominal amount | Fair value | Nominal amount | Fair value |
| Interest rate swaps | " | | | | | |
| Maturity: | | | | | | |
| less than 1 year | 68.4 | 1.1 | _ | - | 76.1 | 1.9 |
| 1–5 years | 125.0 | 1.5 | 77.3 | 2.3 | - | - |
| over 5 years | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Subtotal | 193.4 | 2.5 | 77.3 | 2.3 | 76.1 | 1.9 |
| Cross-currency swaps | | | | | | |
| Maturity: | | | | | | |
| less than 1 year | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1–5 years | 314.8 | 34.5 | 314.8 | 20.0 | 314.8 | 18.5 |
| over 5 years | - | - | - | = | - | - |
| Subtotal | 314.8 | 34.5 | 314.8 | 20.0 | 314.8 | 18.5 |
| Foreign exchange forward agreements | | | | | | |
| Maturity: | | | | | | |
| less than 1 year | 94.1 | 2.2 | 183.5 | 0.4 | 83.2 | 0.5 |
| Interest rate options | | | | | | |
| less than 1 year | = | = | - | - | = | - |
| 1-5 years | 125.0 | 0.6 | - | - | - | - |
| over 5 years | - | = | - | - | - | - |
| Subtotal | 125.0 | 0.6 | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 727.2 | 39.9 | 575.5 | 22.7 | 474.0 | 20.9 |

Derivative financial instruments are used in hedging the interest rate and foreign currency risk. Hedge accounting is applied for interest swaps which have a nominal amount of EUR 193.4 million (Q2/2022: EUR 77.3 million). The change in fair values of these derivatives is recognised under other comprehensive income.

Citycon also has cross-currency swaps and currency forwards to convert EUR debt into SEK and NOK debt and interest rate caps hedging the floating interest of the term loan. Changes in fair values of these are reported in the profit and loss statement as hedge accounting is not applied.

Furthermore, changes in fair values of interest rate caps hedging Kista Galleria's loans are recognised under 'Share of profit of joint ventures and associated companies'.

12. Dividend and equity repayment

Citycon's AGM 2023 decided that no dividend is distributed by a resolution of the AGM and authorised the Board of Directors to decide in its discretion on the distribution of assets from the invested unrestricted equity fund. Based on the authorisation the maximum amount of equity repayment to be distributed from the invested unrestricted equity fund shall not exceed EUR 0.50 per share. The authorisation is valid until the opening of the next AGM.

On the basis of the authorisation mentioned above and explained in half-yearly report sections 12 and 13 the Board of Directors decided in March and June to distribute equity repayment of EUR 0.25 per share, or EUR 42.0 million.

Following the equity repayment paid on 31 March 2023 and 26 June 2023, the remaining authorisation for equity repayment is EUR 0.25 per share. Preliminary payment dates for equity repayments to be distributed on basis of the authorization are 29 September 2023 and 29 December 2023. The Board of Directors will make separate resolutions on each distribution of the equity repayment and the company shall make separate announcements of such Board resolutions.

Total amount of equity repayment EUR 84.0 million were distributed during the financial year 2022, of which EUR 42.0 million equity repayment were distributed during the first half of 2022.



13. Contingent liabilities

| MEUR | 30 June 2023 | 30 June 2022 | 31 December 2022 |
|---|--------------|--------------|------------------|
| Mortgages on land and buildings | 650.0 | 250.0 | 250.0 |
| Bank guarantees and parent company guarantees | 63.2 | 84.1 | 64.4 |
| Capital commitments | 76.1 | 43.7 | 76.9 |

The mortgage relates to the EUR 650 million credit facility, of which the EUR 400 million Revolving Credit Facility tranche is currently fully undrawn, and the Term Loan tranche of EUR 250 million is drawn. At period-end, Citycon had capital commitments of EUR 76.1 million (Q2/2022: EUR 43.7 million) relating mainly to on-going (re)development projects.

Citycon owns 50% of Kista Galleria joint venture. Shares in the joint venture have been pledged as security for the loans of the joint venture.

14. Related party transactions

Citycon Group's related parties comprise the parent company Citycon Oyj and its subsidiaries, associated companies, joint ventures, Board members, the CEO and other Corporate Management Committee members and the company's largest shareholder G City Ltd. In total, G City and wholly-owned subsidiary Gazit Europe Netherlands BV own 52.12% (52.12%) of the total shares and votes in the company.

Over the reporting period and in the comparable period, Citycon paid no expenses to G City Ltd and its subsidiaries. Citycon invoiced EUR 0.0 million expenses forward to G City Ltd and its subsidiaries (Q1–Q2/2022: EUR 0.0 million).



Report on Review of Citycon Oyj's Interim Financial Information for the period 1.1.-30.6.2023 (Translation)

To the Board of Directors of Citycon Oyj

Introduction

We have reviewed the condensed interim financial information for Citycon Oyj, comprising the consolidated condensed balance sheet as of 30.6.2023, consolidated condensed statement of comprehensive income, condensed statement of changes in shareholders' equity, condensed cash flow statement and explanatory notes for the six-month period then ended.

The Board of Directors and the Managing Director are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the interim financial information in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements ISRE 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures.

A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the interim financial information of Citycon Oyj has not been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

Helsinki, July 18th, 2023

Ernst & Young Oy Authorized Public Accountant Firm

Antti Suominen Authorized Public Accountant